

CTC STANDING ORDERS – AS AMENDED on 6 APRIL 2021

INTRODUCTION

Standing orders are the written rules of a local council. Standing orders are essential to regulate the proceedings of a meeting. A council may also use standing orders to confirm or refer to various internal organisational and administrative arrangements. The standing orders of a council are not the same as the policies of a council but standing orders may refer to them.

These draft Standing Orders are based on the latest model Standing Orders issued by NALC, which take into account recent changes in legislation, including the procurement rules and the GDPR

Model standing orders that are in bold type contain legal and statutory requirements.

See also the colour code for the differences between full Council and committee meetings.

The Clerk has re-arranged the order so that it reverts to a previous format which she considers more logical

DISCLAIMER: Any reference to “he”, “him” or “his” shall be taken to refer also to “she”, “her” and “hers” and “they”, “them” or “their(s)” as appropriate. No offence is intended to any person by this usage.

1. MEETINGS GENERALLY

Key:

Full Council meetings	●
Committee meetings	●
Sub-Committee meetings	●

- a **Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost.**
- b **The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.**
- c **The minimum three clear days’ public notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting (unless a committee meeting was convened at shorter notice)**

- d **Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.**
- e Members of the public may make representations, answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda.
- f The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with standing order 1(e) shall not exceed (15) minutes unless directed by the chairman of the meeting.
- ~~g Subject to standing order 1(f), a member of the public shall not speak for more than () minutes~~
- h In accordance with standing order 1(e), a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The chairman of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given.
- i *A person shall raise his hand when requesting to speak and shall await permission from the chairman before doing so*
- j A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct his comments to the chairman of the meeting.
- k Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the chairman of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.
- l **Subject to standing order 1(m), a person who attends a meeting is permitted to report on the meeting whilst the meeting is open to the public. To "report" means to film, photograph, make an audio recording of meeting proceedings, use any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear the meeting as it takes place or later or to report or to provide oral or written commentary about the meeting so that the report or commentary is available as the meeting takes place or later to persons not present.**
- m **A person present at a meeting may not provide an oral report or oral commentary about a meeting as it takes place without permission.**
- n **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.**
- o **Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman of the Council may in his absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if there is one).**

- p **The Chairman of the Council, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chairman is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if there is one) if present, shall preside. If both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.**
- q **Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors and non-councillors with voting rights present and voting.**
- r **The chairman of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise his casting vote whether or not he gave an original vote.**

Note the different rules that apply in the election of the Chairman of the Council at the Annual Meeting of the Council.

- s **Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave his vote for or against that question.** Such a request shall be made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.
- t The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i. the time and place of the meeting;
 - ii. the names of councillors who are present and the names of councillors who have sent apologies *and the names of councillors who are absent without sending apologies;*
 - iii. interests that have been declared by councillors
 - iv. the grant of dispensations (if any) to councillors
 - v. whether a councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
 - vi. if there was a public participation session; and
 - vii. the resolutions made.
- u **A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the Council's Code of Conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on his right to participate and vote on that matter.**
- v **No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three. *In the case of Full***

Council, no less than seven.

- w **If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted** and the meeting shall be closed.
- x AFTER A PERIOD OF TWO HOURS, the Chairman shall take a vote and the Council / Committee shall resolve whether to continue the meeting or defer the remaining business to another meeting.

2. **RULES OF DEBATE AT MEETINGS**

- a Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chairman of the meeting with Council's agreement.
- b A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved
- ~~c A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chairman of the meeting as withdrawn.~~
- d *If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.*
- e An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.
- f If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion (as amended) becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- ~~g An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chairman of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the chairman.~~
- h *A councillor may move an amendment to his own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.*
- i If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the chairman of the meeting.
- j *Subject to standing order 1(k), only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the chairman of the meeting.*
- k One or more amendments may be discussed together if the chairman of the meeting considers this expedient, but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- l *A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.*
- m *The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.*

- n ~~Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate on the first amendment or at the very end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.~~
- o *Unless permitted by the chairman of the meeting, a councillor may speak once in the debate on a motion except:*
- i. *to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor;*
 - ii. *to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since he last spoke;*
 - iii. *to make a point of order;*
 - iv. *to give a personal explanation; or*
 - v. *to exercise a right of reply.*
- p During the debate on a motion, a councillor may interrupt only *on a point of order* or for an explanation and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking.
- q *A point of order shall be decided by the chairman of the meeting and his decision shall be final.*
- r When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
- i. to amend the motion;
 - ii. to proceed to the next business;
 - iii. to adjourn the debate;
 - iv. to put the motion to a vote;
 - v. to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - vi. to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration;
 - vii. to exclude the public and press;
 - viii. to adjourn the meeting; or
 - ix. to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory or legal requirements.
- s Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the chairman of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated *and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived his right of reply.*
- t *Excluding motions moved under standing order 1(r), the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed 5 minutes without the consent of the chairman of the meeting*

3. **DISORDERLY CONDUCT AT MEETINGS**

- a No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the chairman of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.
- b If person(s) disregard the request of the chairman of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the chairman of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or be excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- c If a resolution made under standing order 3(b) is ignored, the chairman of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

4. **COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES**

- a **Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.**
- b **The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council.**
- c **Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.**
- d The Council may appoint committees as may be necessary, and:
 - i. shall determine their terms of reference;
 - ii. ~~shall determine the number and time of the ordinary meetings of a standing committee up until the date of the next annual meeting of the Council;~~
 - iii. shall permit a committee, other than in respect of the ordinary meetings of a committee, to determine the number and time of its meetings;
 - iv. shall appoint the members of such a committee;
 - v. ~~may, subject to standing orders 4(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of the substitute members to a committee whose role is to replace the ordinary members at a meeting of a committee if the ordinary members of the committee confirm to the Proper Officer () days before the meeting that they are unable to attend;~~
 - vi. ~~shall, after it has appointed the members of a standing committee, appoint the chairman of the standing committee;~~
 - vii. shall permit a committee to appoint its own chairman at the first meeting of the committee;

- ~~viii. shall determine the place, notice requirements and quorum for a meeting of a committee and a sub-committee which, in both cases, shall be no less than three;~~
 - ~~ix. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a committee;~~
 - x. shall determine if the public and press are permitted to attend the meetings of a sub-committee or working group and also the advance public notice requirements, if any, required for the meetings of a sub-committee
 - ~~xi. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a sub-committee that they are permitted to attend; and~~
 - xii. may dissolve a committee, a sub-committee, or a working group
- e
- i. The chairman and vice chairman of the council are eligible to stand for membership of any committee, sub-committee, or working group of the council apart from the staffing committee.
 - ii. If the chairman or vice chairman of the council are not a member of a particular committee, sub-committee, or working group, they are entitled to attend any meeting (including meetings held in camera), and have the same right to speak as any ordinary member of the committee, sub-committee, or working group. Unless acting as a substitute (see below), they do not have the right to vote on any decision.
 - iii. Point e ii. and point f i. do not apply to the Staffing Committee.
 - iv. Any member of the council who is not a member of a particular committee, sub-committee, or working group has the same right to attend or to speak at a meeting as a member of the public. A motion under the relevant legislation to exclude the public and press from a meeting shall also apply to them.
 - v. For all committees of the council apart from the staffing committee the maximum number of members shall be seven (7), and the quorum shall be three (3). For the staffing committee the number of members shall be five (5), with a quorum of three (3). For working groups the maximum number of members shall be five (5), with a quorum of three (3).
 - vi. No member may chair more than one (1) committee
- f
- i. The chairman and vice chairman of the council may act as a substitute for any absent member of a committee, sub-committee, or working group at which they are present, if the absent member has not nominated their own substitute, or the nominated substitute is themselves absent from the meeting.
 - ii. If a member of a committee, sub-committee, or working group is unable to attend a meeting, they are permitted to nominate another member of the council as a substitute. Such nominations should be made to the chair of the committee, sub-committee, or working group and to the Town Clerk at least 24 hours before the start of the meeting, and apply only for that meeting.

iii. Substitutions are only permitted in accordance with points i. and ii. above.

iv. A substitute shall have the same rights to be present, speak, and vote at a meeting as an ordinary member of the committee, sub-committee, or working group, for the duration of that meeting only.

g At the annual meeting of the council, or other times when necessary, council may specify the membership of committees by passing a resolution to that effect.

5. ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETINGS

a In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the councillors elected take office.

b In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on such day in May as the Council decides.

c If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the Council shall take place at 6pm.

d In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council decides.

e The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if there is one) of the Council.

f The Chairman of the Council, unless he has resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until his successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.

g The Vice-Chairman of the Council, if there is one, unless he resigns or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chairman of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.

h In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, he shall preside at the annual meeting until a successor Chairman of the Council has been elected. The current Chairman of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council but shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

i In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, he shall preside at the annual meeting until a new Chairman of the Council has been elected. He may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council and shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

j Following the election of the Chairman of the Council and Vice-Chairman (if there is one) of the Council at the Annual Meeting, the business shall include:

- i. **In an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council of his acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date;**
- ii. Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council;
- iii. Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee;
- iv. Consideration of the recommendations made by a committee;
- v. *Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities Appointment of any new committees;*
- vi. Review of the terms of reference for committees;
- vii. Appointment of members to committees;
- ~~viii. Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 4;~~
- ~~ix. Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;~~
- ~~x. Review of arrangements (including legal agreements) with other local authorities, not-for-profit bodies and businesses.~~
- xi. In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the Council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;
- ~~xii. In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the Council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;~~
- ~~xiii. Review of inventory of land and other assets including buildings and office equipment;~~
- ~~xiv. Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insurable risks;~~
- ~~xv. Review of the Council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies;~~
- ~~xvi. Review of the Council's complaints procedure;~~
- ~~xvii. Review of the Council's policies, procedures and practices in respect of its obligations under freedom of information and data protection legislation (see also standing orders 11, 20 and 21);~~
- ~~xviii. Review of the Council's policy for dealing with the press/media;~~
- ~~xix. Review of the Council's employment policies and procedures;~~
- ~~xx. Review of the Council's expenditure incurred under s.137 of the Local Government Act 1972 or the general power of competence.~~

~~xxi. Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the Council up to and including the next annual meeting of the Council.~~

6. **EXTRAORDINARY MEETINGS OF THE COUNCIL, COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES**

- a **The Chairman of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.**
- b **If the Chairman of the Council does not call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting shall be signed by the two councillors.**
- c *The chairman of a committee [or a sub-committee] may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee [or the sub-committee] at any time.*
- d *If the chairman of a committee [or a sub-committee] does not call an extraordinary meeting within 7 days of having been requested to do so by 2 members of the committee [or the sub-committee], any 2 members of the committee [or the sub-committee] may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee [or a sub-committee]*

7. **PREVIOUS RESOLUTIONS**

- a ~~A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a motion by a Councillor or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee~~
A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least 5 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee or a sub-committee.
- b When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 7(a) has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved for a further six months.

8. **VOTING ON APPOINTMENTS**

- a Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the chairman of the meeting.

9. **MOTIONS FOR A MEETING THAT REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE TO BE GIVEN TO THE PROPER OFFICER**

(This section not recommended for inclusion)

10. **MOTIONS AT A MEETING THAT DO NOT REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE**

a The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer:

- i. to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;*
- ii. to move to a vote;*
- iii. to defer consideration of a motion;*
- iv. to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee;*
- v. to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;*
- vi. to change the order of business on the agenda;*
- vii. to proceed to the next business on the agenda;*
- viii. to require a written report;*
- ix. to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members;*
- x. to extend the time limits for speaking;*
- xi. to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or other information which is prejudicial to the public interest;*
- xii. to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;*
- xiii. to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;*
- xiv. to temporarily suspend the meeting;*
- xv. to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory or legal requirements);*
- xvi. to adjourn the meeting; or*
- xvii. to close the meeting.*

b. *All other motions*

11. **MANAGEMENT OF INFORMATION**

See also standing order 20.

- a **The Council shall have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements shall include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data.**
- b **The Council shall have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. The Council's retention policy shall confirm the period for which information (including personal data) shall be retained or if this is not possible the criteria used to determine that period (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980).**
- c **The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**
- d **Councillors, staff, the Council's contractors and agents shall not disclose confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**

12. **DRAFT MINUTES**

- Full Council meetings ●
- Committee meetings ●
- Sub-committee meetings ●

- a *If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.*
- b *There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 10(a)(i).*
- c The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- d If the chairman of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, he shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph to that effect:
- e **If the Council's gross annual income or expenditure (whichever is higher) does not exceed £25,000, it shall publish draft minutes on a website which is publicly accessible and free of charge not later than one month after the meeting has taken place.**
- f Subject to the publication of draft minutes in accordance with standing order 12(e)

and standing order 20(a) and following a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes ~~or recordings~~ of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed. *Where a meeting is recorded, the recordings shall be destroyed after six months.*

13. **CODE OF CONDUCT AND DISPENSATIONS**

See also standing order 1(u).

- a All councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall observe the code of conduct adopted by the Council.
- b Unless he has been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when voting on a matter in which he has a disclosable pecuniary interest. He may return to the meeting after it has considered and voted on the matter in which he had the interest
- ~~c Unless he has been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which he has another interest if so required by the Council's code of conduct. He may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which he had the interest.~~
- d **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer** as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- e A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by the Proper Officer and that decision is final.
- f A dispensation request shall confirm:
 - i. the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates;
 - ii. whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote;
 - iii. the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding the date of the next Ordinary Elections) for which the dispensation is sought; and
 - iv. an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- g Subject to standing orders 13(d) and (f), a dispensation request shall be considered [by the Proper Officer before the meeting or, if this is not possible, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required]
- h **A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 13(e) if having regard to all relevant circumstances any of the following apply:**
 - i. **without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the**

meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business;

- ii. **granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the Council's area; or**
- iii. **it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.**

14. **CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS**

- a *Upon notification by the District or Unitary Council that it is dealing with a complaint that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer shall, subject to standing order 11, report this to the Council.*
- b *Where the notification in standing order 14(a) relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chairman of Council of this fact, and the Chairman shall nominate another staff member to assume the duties of the Proper Officer in relation to the complaint until it has been determined and the Council has agreed what action, if any, to take in accordance with standing order 14(d).*
- c *The Council may:*
 - i. *provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to investigate the complaint or is a legal requirement;*
 - ii. *seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter;*
- d **Upon notification by the District or Unitary Council that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Council shall consider what, if any, action to take against him. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.**

15. **PROPER OFFICER**

- a The Proper Officer shall be either (i) the Clerk or (ii) the Deputy Clerk when the Clerk is absent.
- b The Proper Officer shall:
 - i. **at least three clear days before a meeting of the council, a committee, or a sub-committee**
 - **serve on councillors by delivery or post at their residences or by email authenticated in such manner as the Proper Officer thinks fit, a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda (provided the councillor has consented to service by email), and**

- **Provide, in a conspicuous place, public notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them).**
- ~~ii. subject to standing order 9, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least () days before the meeting confirming his withdrawal of it;~~
- iii. **convene a meeting of the Council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in his office;**
- iv. **facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors;**
- v. **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;**
- vi. hold acceptance of office forms from councillors;
- vii. hold a copy of every councillor's register of interests;
- viii. assist with responding to requests made under freedom of information legislation and rights exercisable under data protection legislation, in accordance with the Council's relevant policies and procedures;
- ix. liaise, as appropriate, with the Council's Data Protection Officer;
- x. receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
- xi. assist in the organisation of, storage of, access to, security of and destruction of information held by the Council in paper and electronic form subject to the requirements of data protection and freedom of information legislation and other legitimate requirements (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980);
- xii. arrange for legal deeds to be executed;
(see also standing order 23);
- xiii. arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with its financial regulations;
- xiv. *record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority*
- xv. facilitate an Executive meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Council or Committee;
- xvi. manage access to information about the Council via the publication scheme;
- ~~xvii. retain custody of the seal of the Council (if there is one) which shall not be used without a resolution to that effect.
(see also standing order 23).~~

16. **RESPONSIBLE FINANCIAL OFFICER**

- a The Responsible Financial Officer shall be the Town Clerk unless otherwise appointed
- b The Deputy Clerk shall undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer when the Responsible Financial Officer is absent.

17. **ACCOUNTS AND ACCOUNTING STATEMENTS**

- a "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of "Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners' Guide".
- b All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
- c The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after the month end in each year a statement to summarise:
 - i. the Council's income and expenditure for each month
 - ii. the Council's aggregate income and expenditure for the year to date;
 - iii. the balances held at the end of the month being reported andwhich includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
- d As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - i. each councillor with a statement summarising the Council's income and expenditure for the last month and the year to date for information; and
 - ii. to the Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 1 of the annual governance and accountability return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- e The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and apply the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for the year to 31 March. A completed draft annual governance and accountability return shall be presented to all councillors prior to anticipated approval by the Council. The annual governance and accountability return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to the Council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June

18. **FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND PROCUREMENT**

- a. The Council shall consider and approve financial regulations drawn up by the

Responsible Financial Officer, which shall include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:

- i. the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls;
 - ii. the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the Council;
 - iii. the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which shall be required at least annually;
 - ~~iv. the inspection and copying by councillors and local electors of the Council's accounts and/or orders of payments; and~~
 - v. whether contracts with an estimated value below **£25,000** due to special circumstances are exempt from a tendering process or procurement exercise.
- b. Financial regulations shall be reviewed regularly during every financial year for fitness of purpose.
- c. **A public contract regulated by the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 with an estimated value in excess of £25,000 but less than the relevant thresholds in standing order 18(f) is subject to Regulations 109-114 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 which include a requirement on the Council to advertise the contract opportunity on the Contracts Finder website regardless of what other means it uses to advertise the opportunity.**
- d. See the Financial Regulations of the Council for the tender process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the execution of works
- e. The Council is not bound to accept the lowest value tender.
- f. **A public contract regulated by the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 with an estimated value in excess of £181,302 for a public service or supply contract or in excess of £4,551,413 for a public works contract (or other thresholds determined by the European Commission every two years and published in the Official Journal of the European Union (OJEU)) shall comply with the relevant procurement procedures and other requirements in the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 which include advertising the contract opportunity on the Contracts Finder website and in OJEU.**
- g. **A public contract in connection with the supply of gas, heat, electricity, drinking water, transport services, or postal services to the public; or the provision of a port or airport; or the exploration for or extraction of gas, oil or solid fuel with an estimated value in excess of £363,424 for a supply, services or design contract; or in excess of £4,551,413 for a works contract; or £820,370 for a social and other specific services contract (or other thresholds determined by the European Commission every two years and published in OJEU) shall comply with the relevant procurement procedures and other requirements in the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2016.**

19. **HANDLING STAFF MATTERS**

- a A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of the Council or a committee is subject to standing order 11 – Management Information.
- b Subject to the Council's policy regarding absences from work, the Clerk shall notify the Chairman of absences occasioned by illness or other reason
- c The Chairman of the Council or the Finance, Budgets & Staffing Committee shall conduct a review of the performance / appraisal of the work of the Clerk. The Clerk and a Councillor shall undertake the review of other members of Staff. The reviews / appraisal shall be reported to full Council in confidence
- d Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the Clerk shall contact the Chairman of the Finance, Budgets & Staffing Committee in respect of a formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be investigated and reported back and progressed to the Finance, Budgets & Staffing committee
- e Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, if a formal grievance matter raised by the Clerk relates to the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Council or of the Finance, Budgets & Staffing Committee, this shall be communicated to another member of the Finance, Budgets & Staffing committee; the matter shall be investigated and reported back and progressed by the Finance, Budgets & Staffing Committee
- f Any persons responsible for all or part of the management of staff shall treat as confidential the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters.
- g In accordance with standing order 11(a), persons with line management responsibilities shall have access to staff records referred to in standing order 19(f).

20. **RESPONSIBILITIES TO PROVIDE INFORMATION**

See also standing order 21.

- a **In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council shall publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the Council.**
- b. **The Council shall publish information in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Transparency Requirements) (England) Regulations 2015.**

21. **RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER DATA PROTECTION LEGISLATION**

(Below is not an exclusive list). *See also standing order 11.*

- a **The Council shall appoint a Data Protection Officer.**

- b **The Council shall have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning his personal data.**
- c **The Council shall have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.**
- d **The Council shall keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.**
- e **The Council shall ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.**
- f **The Council shall maintain a written record of its processing activities.**

22. **RELATIONS WITH THE PRESS / MEDIA**

- a Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policies in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

23. **EXECUTION AND SEALING OF LEGAL DEEDS**

See also standing orders 15(b)(xii) and (xvii).

- a A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b **Subject to standing order 23(a), any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.**

24. **COMMUNICATING WITH DISTRICT AND COUNTY OR UNITARY COUNCILLORS**

- a The agenda for meetings of the Council shall be sent to the ward councillors of the District and County Council representing the area of the Council.
- b ~~Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of each letter sent to the District and County Council OR Unitary Council shall be sent to the ward councillor(s) representing the area of the Council.~~

25. **RESTRICTIONS ON COUNCILLOR ACTIVITIES**

- a Unless duly authorised no councillor shall:

- i. inspect any land and/or premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect;
or
- ii. issue orders, instructions or directions.

26. **STANDING ORDERS GENERALLY**

- a All or part of a standing order, may be suspended by resolution. For the avoidance of doubt proceedings would then follow mandatory statutory or legal requirements
- ~~b A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory or legal requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least (—) councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9.~~
- c The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the Council's Standing Orders to councillors as soon as possible after a review.
- d The decision of the Chairman of a meeting as to the application of approved Standing Orders at the meeting shall be final.

27. **COVID APPENDIX**

- a) All Councillors and Members of the Public shall wear a face covering during face-to-face meetings (unless exempt by reason of a medical condition or disability).
- b) Anyone who is intending to attend a meeting who is exempt from wearing a mask for the above reasons is requested to inform the clerk in advance of the meeting, to allow the increased risks to be managed effectively.
- c) Refusal to comply with 27a) above will result in the Chairman of the meeting requesting such person(s) as refuse to comply, either to cover their face, to declare that they are exempt by reason of a medical condition or disability (no details of which are required), or to leave the meeting.
- d) If person(s) disregards the request of the Chairman of the meeting to wear a face covering, or to leave, any Councillor or the Chairman of the meeting may move that the person be excluded from the meeting. The motion shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- e) If a resolution made under standing order 27c) is ignored, the Chairman of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.
- f) All Councillors and Members of the Public will be expected to wash / sanitise their hands on arrival
- g) Windows and doors will be opened to allow sufficient ventilation and circulation of air to help remove Covid particles and minimise risk from aerosols

- h) All Councillors and Members of the Public will be expected to adhere to social distancing (2m apart). Refusal to do so will result in the Chairman of the meeting requesting such person(s) as refuse to comply with the social distancing rule. The Chairman of the meeting or any Councillor may move that the person be excluded from the meeting. The motion shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- i) All Councillors and Members of the Public will be expected to follow the one-way systems in operation around the building unless physically unable to do so, in which case they should follow directions from officers / members of staff.
- j) All Councillors and Members of the Public will be expected to adhere to the special Covid arrangements for use of toilets / hand washing facilities as directed by Officers / members of staff and notices displayed in the buildings
- k) This appendix may be adopted, suspended or revoked by resolution of the full Council depending on the prevalence of the virus in the Community and Government Covid guidelines and restrictions in place at the time
- l) The decision of the Chairman of a meeting as to the application of the approved Covid Appendix at any meeting shall be final.